



Report of the

REPRESENTATION COMMISSION

2014

A report to the Governor-General of New Zealand pursuant to section 40 of the Electoral Act 1993

to be presented to the House of Representatives pursuant to section 41 of the Electoral Act 1993

ISBN: 978-0-477-10414-2 (PDF)

Table of Contents

		Page Number
	Members of the Commission	4
	Meetings	5
	Submissions by Political Parties	6
	General Electoral Districts	7
	North Island	8
	South Island	10
	Māori Electoral Districts	11
	Objections and Counter-objections	12
	Communication and Publicity	14
	Confidentiality and Independence	14
	Computer Technology	15
	Macrons for electorates with Māori names	15
	Appreciation	15
	List of Annexures	16
	Ngā Mema o te Kōmihana	17
	Ngā Hui	18
	Ngā Tāpaetanga nā ngā Rōpū Tōrangapū	19
	Ngā Taiwhenua Pōti Whānui	20
	Te Ika-a-Māui	21
	Te Waipounamu	23
	Ngā Taiwhenua Pōti Māori	24
	Ngā Whakahē me ngā Whakahē-ātete	25
	Whitiwhitinga me te Whakaputanga Kōrero	27
	Te Noho Matatapu me te Mana Motuhake	27
	Te Hangarau Rorohiko	28
	Ngā tohutō mō ngā rohe pōti he Māori ngā ingoa	28
	He Maioha	28
	Te Rārangi Tāpiritanga	29
Schedule A	Report of the Government Statistician as required by Section 35(6) of the Electoral Act 1993	30
Schedule B	Overview maps showing the General and Māori electoral boundaries	31-36
Schedule C	Tables of the proposed and final electoral districts, electoral population figures, population quota differences and projected variations	37-40
Schedule D	Objections and counter-objections received and the decision of the Commission in each case	41-137
Schedule E	Definition by authoritative plans of the boundaries of General and Māori Electoral Districts	138-354

REPORT OF THE REPRESENTATION COMMISSION 2014

TE KOMIHANA WHAKATAU ROHE PŌTI

To His Excellency the Governor-General of New Zealand

YOUR EXCELLENCY

The Representation Commission, constituted and acting under the Electoral Act 1993 and its amendments ("the Act"), hereby reports to Your Excellency the names and boundaries of the General and Māori electoral districts fixed by the Commission. From the 17th day of April 2014, being the date of gazetting of the notice of these names and boundaries, general elections of members of Parliament will be based on the boundaries now reported to you, until these boundaries are changed by process of law.

The principal function of the Commission is, in the words of section 28(1) of the Act, to make periodical readjustment of the representation of the people of New Zealand in the House of Representatives. This is a matter of wide public interest and importance. Conscious of the fact that Your Excellency will shortly present a copy of this Report to the House of Representatives, the Commission offers for the benefit of Your Excellency, members of the House of Representatives, and the other people of New Zealand, an account of the proceedings of the Commission.

INTRODUCTION

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION

The members of the Commission, appointed pursuant to section 28(2) of the Act, are:

Ex Officio Members

Mr A Haanen Deputy Surveyor-General

Mr V Galvin Deputy Government Statistician

Mr R Peden Chief Electoral Officer

Mr B Morrison Chairperson of the Local Government Commission

Appointed Members

Hon R Sowry representing the Government Hon P Hodgson representing the Opposition

Māori Members

For the purpose of determining the Māori electoral districts the Commission comprised also:

Ms M Hippolite Chief Executive of Te Puni Kōkiri
Mr D Te Kanawa representing the Government
representing the Opposition

Chairman

Judge B J Kendall (retired) was appointed by the Governor-General on the nomination of the other members of the Commission in accordance with section 28(2)(f) of the Act.

MEETINGS

The meetings of the Commission spread over the period from 16 September 2013 to 24 February 2014

In all, the Commission met on 17 days, as follows:

General business Submissions by political parties	
Submissions by political parties	
Deputy Surveyor-General's presentation	
Commencement of boundaries deliberations	
Boundaries deliberations	
Release of proposed boundaries	
Auckland, hearing objections and counter-objections	
Hamilton and Tauranga, hearing objections and counter-objections	
Christchurch, hearing objections and counter-objections	
Deliberation on final electoral districts	

The Māori Commissioners met, as a Committee, to consider and recommend the proposed Māori electoral districts. They joined the Commission to hear an objection relating to the Māori electoral districts, and to make decisions on the final Māori boundaries.

This report is published in both English and te reo Māori.

SUBMISSIONS BY POLITICAL PARTIES

The Commission identified the following political parties and independent MP as falling within the provisions of section 34 of the Act and thus entitled to make submissions to the Commission in relation to the matters to be considered under sections 35(3) and 45(6) of the Act. They were the National Party, the Labour Party, the ACT Party, the Green Party, Mana, the Māori Party, NZ First, United Future and Brendan Horan MP. Each was invited to lodge written submissions with the Commission and to make an oral presentation to the Commission. The National Party, the Labour Party, the ACT Party, the Māori Party and Brendan Horan MP tendered written submissions, and spoke to their submissions on 16 October 2013.

DIVISION OF NEW ZEALAND INTO ITS GENERAL ELECTORAL AND MĀORI ELECTORAL DISTRICTS

As a result of the 2013 Census of Population and Dwellings and the subsequent Māori Electoral Option, the electoral population figures so derived dictated that a new General electoral district be created in the North Island taking the number to 48, while the South Island retained 16 electoral districts as required by the Act. The Commission notes that the Census was undertaken two years later than the expected date due to the Canterbury earthquakes. All electoral districts must contain electoral populations within 5% of the quota for the North Island or South Island General electoral districts or the Māori electoral districts as applicable. The quotas calculated in accordance with the Act are:

	Quota	±5% Allowance
North Island General Electoral Districts	59,731	<u>+</u> 2,986
South Island General Electoral Districts	59,679	<u>+</u> 2,983
Māori Electoral Districts	60,141	<u>+</u> 3,007

The quota figures are those advised to the Commission by the Government Statistician on 7 October 2013. The Commission commenced its work in accordance with section 35 of the Electoral Act 1993 on the basis of the report of the Government Statistician and the provisional boundaries prepared by the Surveyor-General.

The present method of division of electoral population has been enacted by Parliament for over 50 years and has remained unaltered, although a change was made to the number of electoral districts for the South Island with the introduction of MMP. Throughout those years, successive Commissions have endeavoured to create electoral districts of reasonably equal population size and at the same time have regard to existing electoral boundaries and the other criteria of sections 35(3)(f) and 45(6) of the Act. The task for this Commission has been to search for a result that provides the best balance of the criteria, even though in many cases it has not been possible to recognise each of them fully. The comments of previous Commissions that electoral populations and communities of interest do not come in tidy parcels of the specified quota continues to apply. The Commission also notes that, having regard to the geographic size of electorates, an electorate may contain more than one distinct community of interest.

GENERAL ELECTORAL DISTRICTS

Within those allowances the Commission, in forming General electoral districts, was required by the Act to give due consideration to:

- the existing boundaries of General electoral districts;
- community of interest;
- facilities of communications;
- topographical features; and
- any projected variation in the General electoral population of those districts during their life.

Given the primacy of the electoral population quota, the Commission was unable to form any electoral district that contained the exact quota and was at the same time consistent with the other statutory criteria. The Commission recognises the importance of equality of representation through the life of the electoral districts (in the view of this Commission, probably through to the 2017 general election) and the desirability of changing existing boundaries as little as possible. The proposed boundaries published in November 2013 therefore made significant use of the quota tolerance in order to meet these specific considerations while best balancing the other criteria of the Act.

The Commission has, where possible, tried to avoid setting boundaries that would split a community of interest. The Commission has often aligned the electoral boundaries with local government boundaries, as these have generally provided a strong indicator of the community of interest.

Many objectors and counter-objectors suggested improvements to boundaries. It was possible to meet the claims of a significant number of the objectors and counter-objectors within population quota tolerances and other criteria. This has meant that some of the electoral districts now determined depart more from the population quota than the proposed boundaries.

NORTH ISLAND

Changes made to the North Island boundaries are described below. The 48 electorates have been grouped regionally.

Group 1 – Auckland Region

The Auckland region includes the electorates from Hunua northwards.

The Commission made no changes to the electorates of Northland, Whangarei, North Shore and Northcote in the north of the region.

Continued population growth has dictated the creation of an additional electoral district in Auckland resulting in the reconfiguration of other electorates west of Auckland. As **Rodney** was significantly over quota, population was transferred, primarily to **Helensville**. In order to absorb the excess population in the area the new electorate of **Upper Harbour** has been created from parts of existing **East Coast Bays**, **Helensville**, **Te Atatū** and **Waitakere** electorates.

The reconfiguration process has resulted in the creation of the **Kelston** electorate. Its population was drawn from the existing populations of **Te Atatū**, **Mt Albert**, **Waitakere** and **New Lynn**. As a result the existing electorate of **Waitakere** has been absorbed into **Te Atatū**, **Helensville**, **Kelston** and **Upper Harbour**.

Auckland Central was hugely over quota with rapid growth projected. The Commission has transferred a large population in the areas of Westmere and Grey Lynn to Mt Albert. Progressive adjustments occurred as a consequence to the neighbouring electorates of Mt Roskill, New Lynn and Kelston in the west and to Epsom, Maungakiekie, Tāmaki (which was above quota tolerance) and Manukau East in the east.

The Commission has made no changes to Manurewa, Māngere and Pakuranga in the south. High growth has occurred around Flat Bush and Chapel Downs. As a result the Hunua electorate has had to lose population. The Commission has transferred population to Botany in the north of the electorate and at the southern end to Waikato. Consequential adjustments have been made to the Papakura electorate.

Group 2 – Central Western Region

The region is made up of eight electorates from Coromandel to Whanganui.

Hamilton East was significantly over quota while all other electorates in the region were declining relative to quota.

The Commission moved excess population from Hamilton East to Hamilton West. Consequential adjustments followed to Waikato, Coromandel and Taranaki-King Country.

The Commission has extended the boundary of the **Whanganui** electorate to north of Stratford, as the electoral population was projected to significantly decline relative to quota. A consequential adjustment has been made to the **New Plymouth** electorate.

The Commission has made no changes to the electorate of **Taupō**.

Group 3 - Eastern Region

There are seven electorates within the group. The Commission made no changes to the electorates of **Tukituki** and **Wairarapa**.

The existing electorates of **Bay of Plenty** and **Tauranga** were over quota, whilst the remaining electorates of **Napier**, **East Coast** and **Rotorua** were under quota and projected to decline significantly relative to quota. The Commission has moved population from **East Coast** into **Napier** and then transferred Kawerau and an area around Maketu from **Rotorua** into **East Coast**. It has then made adjustments to the electorates of **Bay of Plenty** and **Tauranga** to meet the quota requirements for the electorate of **Rotorua**.

Group 4 – Wellington/Horowhenua/Rangitīkei Region

This group comprises nine electorates from Rangitīkei southwards.

The Commission has made no changes to the electorates of **Palmerston North**, **Mana** and **Rongotai**.

Wellington Central was the only electorate above the allowable quota tolerance. The Commission has moved excess population from Wadestown into the Ōhāriu electorate. The consequence of this has been that the entire population of the Hutt Valley is now contained in the two electorates of Hutt South and Rimutaka. Notably the whole of the Western Hills is now in Hutt South, while Naenae is now in the Rimutaka electorate.

The Commission has shifted population around Shannon in the Ōtaki electorate into the Rangitīkei electorate, whose population was below tolerance and projected to decline.

SOUTH ISLAND

The Act requires that there be 16 General electorates in the South Island.

In 2007 the Commission reported that it had to face significant changes to the electorates from Rakaia south because of the decline in population relative to quota requirements. Whilst there has been some decline, the electorates of Clutha-Southland, Dunedin South, Invercargill, Kaikōura, Nelson and West Coast-Tasman are all projected to remain within quota tolerance through to 2017. The Commission has decided to make no changes to these electorates in order to preserve existing boundaries.

The electorate of **Waitaki** was well above tolerance, while its neighbouring electorate of **Dunedin North** was under quota. The Commission has expanded **Dunedin North** to north of Herbert and west to the boundary between Waitaki District and Central Otago District.

Rangitata was likewise above the quota threshold. The Commission accordingly adjusted the boundaries by moving population around Rakaia into the Selwyn electorate.

The Commission considered the Christchurch and mid Canterbury electorates as a group. The electorates of Christchurch Central, Christchurch East and Port Hills have experienced a dramatic population decline caused by the Canterbury earthquakes whereas the populations of the electorates of Waimakariri, Wigram and Selwyn have increased significantly.

The Commission's approach was to expand the three Christchurch electorates that have lost population into Waimakariri in the north at Redwood and Selwyn at Banks Peninsula in the south. The Commission's proposals in respect of those three electorates resulted in a number of objections supported by petitions which have been considered by the Commission. The Commission has drawn boundaries for Christchurch Central, Christchurch East, Port Hills, Wigram and Selwyn which are detailed under the section of this report dealing with objections and counter-objections.

The Commission has made no change to the electorate of **Ilam**.

Technical changes

A number of minor technical changes not involving population, have also been made to improve alignment with local authority boundaries or surveyed property boundaries to more clearly define electorate boundaries.

Final boundaries

Overview maps showing the General electoral boundaries are provided at Schedule B of the report.

Tables showing the proposed and final General electoral districts, electoral populations, the variations from quota, and the projected population variations for 2014 and 2017 are included in Schedule C.

Authoritative plans for the General electoral districts can be found at Schedule E of the report.

MĀORI ELECTORAL DISTRICTS

The number of Māori electoral districts largely depends on the number of Māori who choose, during the Māori Electoral Option period, to be registered on the Māori electoral roll. The combined effect of the 2013 Census of Population and Dwellings, and the 2013 Māori Electoral Option did not change the total number of Māori electoral districts which remain at seven.

In forming the Māori electoral districts the Commission is required by the Act to consider all of the following factors:

- the existing boundaries of the Māori electoral districts;
- community of interest among the Māori people generally and members of Māori tribes;
- facilities of communications;
- topographical features;
- any projected variation in the Māori electoral population in those districts during their life.

The Commission has balanced all the statutory criteria, with particular reference to community of interest amongst Māori. Most of the Māori electoral districts cover a large geographic area by comparison to the General electorates. This is unavoidable given the present Māori electoral population.

The population data showed that the seven electorates are within quota tolerance and projected to remain so through to the 2014 election. The Commission made no changes to the electorates except for a minor adjustment, as a result of an objection, transferring an area, including the village of Tuia, from **Ikaroa-Rāwhiti** into **Waiariki**.

Final Boundaries

An overview map showing the Māori electoral boundaries is provided at Schedule B of the report.

Tables showing the proposed and final Māori electoral districts, electoral populations, the variations from quota, and the projected population variations for 2014 and 2017 are included in Schedule C.

Authoritative plans for the Māori electoral districts can be found at Schedule E of the report.

OBJECTIONS AND COUNTER-OBJECTIONS

The Commission shares the views of its predecessors that the objection and counter-objection process works well and is understood by the public. Throughout its deliberations on objections and counter-objections, the Commission was conscious of the need to avoid, as far as possible, changes that had not been the subject of objection or counter-objection. The reason for this was so that, in the publication of final boundaries, electors did not find that a boundary change had been made to which they had not had the opportunity to object or counter-object. There is High Court authority, nevertheless, to allow such a change to occur where community of interest arguments had follow-on effects. In some instances changes did occur as a follow-on result from decisions made on some objections and counter-objections. The Commission does note that the major changes referred to below were substantially the product of the objection and counter-objection process.

As part of its public information process, the Commission made an online submission process available for objections and counter-objections elections.org.nz and produced template objection and counter-objection forms for the public to use for written submissions. The Commission received 409 objections. That number was greater when account is taken of the fact that over 1,700 individuals contributed through form submissions and petitions, including over 600 form submitters and petitioners relating to the boundary between the **Epsom** and **Mt** Roskill electorates. The great majority of objections related to the proposed boundaries and 61 objections related to the proposed name given to electoral districts. The objections were summarised and released for public examination. On the date set for closure (29 January 2014), the Commission had received 164 counterobjections. The majority of those also related to boundary matters.

A number of objections were received late. In some cases this was not the fault of either the objector or the Commission. However, they could not be considered because they were not received in time to be published in the *Gazette* and thus could not have been subject to the right of persons to counter-object.

The Commission continued the practice of previous Commissions of sitting outside Wellington to hear objections and counter-objections. Hearings were conducted in Auckland, Hamilton, Tauranga and Christchurch. In some instances, hearings were conducted by telephone conference calls. Many objectors appreciated the opportunity to participate in the process of defining the electoral districts. Their expressions of opinion and local knowledge were excellent and materially assisted the Commission to make its final decisions. Some 102 individuals or organisations appeared before the Commission and spoke to their objection(s) or counter-objection(s). The objection process is essentially a written one. Each objection and counter-objection was carefully considered by the Commission whether or not the objector attended a hearing.

A table showing the nature of the objections and counter-objections and the decision of the Commission in each case is appended as Schedule D.

Major changes from the proposed boundaries

Arising out of the objections affecting the proposed electorates of Auckland Central, Mt Albert and Epsom the Commission undertook a redrawing of those

electorates which shifted the balance of the Grey Lynn population into Mt Albert, recognising community of interest. Quota considerations and projected population growth meant that the Grey Lynn population has been placed in the Mt Albert electorate rather than the Auckland Central electorate. There was a consequential adjustment to the Grafton area in the Epsom electorate which has been transferred to Auckland Central. The Commission allowed the objections relating to the Epsom and Mt Roskill proposed boundary which avoided splitting an established community of interest. There were also adjustments to the electorates of Mt Roskill, New Lynn, Kelston and Te Atatū in the west and to Maungakiekie and Tāmaki in the east.

There were strong objections and counter-objections relating to the proposed boundaries of the **Maungakiekie** electorate, principally relating to Onehunga, Tamaki and Panmure. The Commission was only able to make minor adjustments having been limited by the quota requirements.

The objections in respect of the **Helensville** electorate mainly focused on the loss of **Waitakere**. The Commission was unable to accept the objections without a significant redraw of the whole of the west of Auckland.

There was strong objection to the inclusion of Temple View into the **Taranaki-King** Country electorate from **Hamilton West**. The Commission was able to meet the objection by making a consequential change around Horotiu.

In the eastern region there was objection to the inclusion of Pyes Pa in the **Bay of Plenty** electorate from the **Tauranga** electorate. The Commission was able to meet the objection by making compensating adjustments to the **Tauranga** and **Bay of Plenty** boundaries around Omanu and Poike.

The Commission has redrawn the boundaries for **Hutt South** and **Rimutaka**, after considering objections, so that all of the Western Hills area is now included in **Hutt South** recognising community of interest. Naenae has consequently been moved into the **Rimutaka** electorate.

In the South Island there was strong objection to the splitting of the area around Hornby between the electorates of **Wigram** and **Selwyn**. The Commission met the objections, keeping the areas of Hei Hei, Islington and Broomfield in the **Wigram** electorate. As a consequence, the Somerfield area was moved from **Wigram** into **Port Hills**, which includes Halswell and most of Bromley and is a predominantly urban electorate. The Commission has retained Banks Peninsula in the **Selwyn** electorate, which remains predominantly rural.

There were strong objections to the Commission's proposed boundaries for Christchurch Central and Christchurch East. The Commission met the objections to the extent that the Christchurch Central electorate has been redrawn to include Mairehau. The Christchurch East electorate has been redrawn to include the red zone (previously in Christchurch Central) and the areas of Richmond, Avonside and North Linwood.

The Commission did receive a number of objections and counter-objections to the names of electorates. The Commission has not renamed any electorate.

COMMUNICATION AND PUBLICITY

The Commission published in the *Gazette* on 21 November 2013, a notice of the proposed districts as required by section 38 of the Act for public examination and comment. Its report on the proposed districts was published on the same date, which was a detailed publication of 100 pages of description, maps and summary of reasons covering all electoral districts. The Commission continued its practice of producing detailed maps of the proposed electoral districts in a separate booklet as well as wall maps.

The Commission's electoral districts report and accompanying map booklet and wall maps were widely distributed by the Commission to council offices, Registrars of Electors, Te Puni Kōkiri Regional Development offices, Māori Land Courts and public libraries.

The Commission also provided online interactive maps of the existing and proposed electoral districts as well as making the report on the proposed electoral districts available online at elections.org.nz. An online submission process was made available for the first time for the objection and counter-objection process, which proved successful.

Publication is a valuable requirement in that it informs the public of New Zealand of the reasons for the Commission's proposals, and enables public understanding of and participation in a politically independent process.

Advertising was placed in print publications, online and on radio to raise awareness of the proposed districts and encourage the public to have their say. The Chair of the Commission conducted a media briefing session for the release of the proposed electoral districts and responded to media requests as required. Media press releases regarding the process and timetable for objections and counter-objections received good coverage.

CONFIDENTIALITY AND INDEPENDENCE

All Commissioners accepted that they were under the same obligations to apply the principles set out in the Act. The Commission did not base its decisions on their possible political consequences and to have done so would have meant the complete destruction of the Commission's independence.

The Commission accepted the necessity for independence to be maintained as stated above and that it was essential therefore, before the publication of proposed boundaries, for its deliberations to take place in private. This course ensures that the Commission's decisions remain free from the influence of outside pressures. It was accepted, however, that the Commissioners representing the Government and the Opposition had a particular need to consult and take advice as to the application of the statutory criteria. In that event the Commission must rely on the integrity and discretion of those members. The Commission continued previous practice whereby it was agreed that:

• those being consulted could be shown hard copies of the provisional boundaries prepared by the Surveyor-General.

• the responsibility for showing the provisional boundaries is with the Commissioner.

The Commission reports that a workable balance was achieved between confidentiality and the need to consult.

COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY

The Commission has continued to use advanced computer technology. Each Commissioner had the use of a laptop computer containing sophisticated mapping software, and population and statistical data. Commission members were able to develop various options and thus to respond interactively. The technology permitted a virtually immediate response, avoided manual recalculation of population figures and provided flexibility in considering alternative solutions. The use of this technology reduced the time that otherwise would have been taken by the Commission to formulate proposed boundaries and then to reach final decisions.

MACRONS FOR ELECTORATES WITH MĀORI NAMES

Electorate names which include macrons, have applied the orthographic conventions of the Te Taura Whiri i te Reo Māori (Māori Language Commission). The Commission notes that the General electorate names are derived from official or recorded geographic place names. Some of those place names pre-date the orthographic conventions and therefore do not have macrons. The Commission has used macrons where it considers it to be appropriate on advice from Te Taura Whiri i te Reo Māori. It notes that the names with macrons have not been approved as official geographic names for the corresponding places by the New Zealand Geographic Board Ngā Pou Taunaha o Aotearoa. The Commission has applied macrons to assist with correct pronunciation of the electorate names.

APPRECIATION

The Commission records its thanks to the Deputy Surveyor-General, the Chief Electoral Officer, and to the Deputy Government Statistician for the manner in which they and their departments have serviced the Commission. They provided excellent professional service both personally and through their staff. Particular mention must be made of Mr Roger Carman, who was the technical advisor to the Commission in respect of computerisation, drawing of maps and plans, and calculation of electoral population shifts for the purpose of developing options in the creation of individual electoral districts. His expertise, enthusiasm and help were of the highest standard. The Commission also records its appreciation to Mrs Natalie McNaught, who was Secretary to the Commission. Her recording of the work of the Commission and attention to detail was of the highest professional standard.

List of Annexures

Annexed to this report are:

Schedule A:

Report of the Government Statistician as required by section 35(6) of the Electoral Act 1993.

Schedule B:

Overview maps showing the General and Māori electoral boundaries.

Schedule C:

Tables of the proposed and final electoral districts, electoral population figures, population quota differences and projected variations.

Schedule D:

Objections and counter-objections received and the decision of the Commission in each case.

Schedule E:

Definition by authoritative plans of the boundaries of General and Māori electoral districts.

Given under our hands this 4th day of April 2014.

BJ Kendall

R Peden

B Morrison

P Hodgson

D Te Kanawa

A Haanen

V Galvin

R Sowry

M Hippolite

Wm Weseta.

W Wereta

TE PŪRONGO A TE KOMIHANA WHAKATAU ROHE PŌTI 2014

TE KŌMIHANA WHAKATAU ROHE PŌTI

Ki te Kāwana Tianara o Aotearoa

E TE IHOREI

E pūrongo atu nei te Kōmihana Whakatau Rohe Pōti, e whai mana ana, e mahi ana hoki i raro i te Ture Pōti 1993 me ana ture whakatikatika ("te Ture'"), ki a koe e te Ihorei ngā ingoa me ngā rohenga o ngā taiwhenua pōti Whānui, Māori hoki kua whakaūtia e te Kōmihana. Mai i te 17 o ngā rā o Paenga-whāwhā 2014, arā, te rā ka pānuitia aua ingoa, rohenga hoki i te Kāhiti, ka ahu mai ngā mema Pāremata o ngā pōtitanga whānui i ēnei rohenga e pūrongohia atu ki a koe, kia huria rā anōtia ēnei rohenga e te ture.

Ko te mahi ake a te Kōmihana, e ai ki ngā kupu o te wāhanga 28(1) o te Ture, he whakatikatika haere i roto i te wā te whaikanohitanga o ngā tāngata o Aotearoa i roto i te Whare Pāremata. He take tēnei e whai pānga whānuitia, he take hiranga hoki ki te iwi whānui. I runga anō hoki i te mōhio e te Ihorei ka tukuna atu e koe he tārua o tēnei Pūrongo ki te Whare Pāremata, e tukuna atu e te Kōmihana i tēnei wā mō tōu painga e te Ihorei, mō te painga hoki o ngā mema o te Whare Pāremata me te nuinga atu o ngā tāngata o Aotearoa, he whakamārama mō ngā whakahaerenga a te Kōmihana

HE KUPU WHAKATAKI

NGĀ MEMA O TE KŌMIHANA

Ko ngā mema o te Kōmihana, ka tohua e ai ki te wāhanga 28(2) o te Ture, ko:

Ngā Mema Uru-aunoa

Mr A Haanen Kairūri-Tianara Tuarua

Mr V Galvin Kaitatauranga Kāwanatanga Tuarua

Mr R Peden Āpiha Pōti Matua

Mr B Morrison Tiamana o te Kōmihana Kāwanatanga ā-Rohe (Local

Government Commission)

Ngā Mema i Tohua

Hon R Sowry hei māngai mō te Kāwanatanga Hon P Hodgson hei māngai mō te Āpitihana

Ngā Mema Māori

Kia whakarite i ngā taiwhenua pōti Māori, kei runga anō i te Kōmihana ko:

Ms M Hippolite Pouwhakahaere o Te Puni Kōkiri

Mr D Te Kanawa māngai Kāwanatanga Mrs W Wereta māngai Āpitihana

Te Tiamana

I tohua anō a Kaiwhakawā B J Kendall (i rītaia) e te Kāwana-Tianara mō te kōharitanga o ētahi atu mema o te Kōmihana e ai ki te wāhanga 28(2)(f) o te Ture.

NGĀ HUI

I tū ngā hui a te Kōmihana mai i te 16 o Mahuru 2013 ki te 24 o Hui-tanguru 2014.

17 katoa ngā rā i hui ai te Kōmihana, anei:

16 Mahuru 2013	Ngā Take Whānui		
16 Whiringa-ā-nuku 2013	Ngā tāpaetanga kōrero a ngā rōpū tōrangapū Te whakaaturanga a te Kairūri-Tianara Tuarua		
21 Whiringa-ā-nuku 2013	Te tīmatanga o ngā whiriwhiritanga o ngā rohenga		
22, 29, 30, 31 Whiringa-ā-nuku me te 4 Whiringa-ā-rangi 2013	Ngā whiriwhiringa rohenga		
21 Whiringa-ā-rangi 2013	Ka tukuna ngā rohenga hukihuki		
10 ki te 12 Hui-tanguru 2014	Tāmaki Makaurau, te whakarongo ki ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete		
13 Hui-tanguru 2014	Kirikiriroa me Tauranga-moana, te whakarongo ki ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete		
18 ki te 20 Hui-tanguru 2014	Ōtautahi, te whakarongo ki ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete		
21 me te 24 Hui-tanguru 2014	Te whiriwhiri i ngā taiwhenua rohe pōti whakamutunga		

I hui ngā Kaikōmihana Māori, hei Komiti, ki te whakaaroaro me te taunaki i ngā taiwhenua rohe pōti Māori ka marohitia. I hono mai ki te Kōmihana ki te

whakarongo ki tētahi whakahētanga e pā ana ki ngā taiwhenua rohe pōti Māori, me te whakatau anō i ngā rohenga Māori whakamutunga.

Ka whakaputaina tēnei pūrongo ki te reo Ingarihi me te reo Māori.

NGĀ TĀPAETANGA NĀ NGĀ RŌPŪ TŌRANGAPŪ

I kitea e te Kōmihana e āhei ana ēnei rōpū tōrangapū e whai ake me te Mema Pāremata motuhake i raro i ngā whakaritenga o te wāhanga 34 o te Ture me te whai wāhi ki te tuku tāpaetanga kōrero ki te Kōmihana e pā ana ki ngā take ka whakaaroarohia i raro i ngā wāhanga 35(3) me te 45(6) o te Ture. Arā, ko te Rōpū Nahinara, te Rōpū Reipa, te Rōpū ACT, te Rōpū Kākāriki, Mana, te Rōpū Māori, Aotearoa Tuatahi, United Future me Brendan Horan MP. I tonoa katoahia mai rātau ki te tuku tāpaetanga kōrero ā-tuhi ki te Kōmihana me te tuku whakaaturanga ā-waha ki te Kōmihana. I tuku tāpaetanga kōrero ā-tuhi te Rōpū Nahinara, te Rōpū Reipa, te Rōpū ACT, te Rōpū Māori me Brendan Horan MP, ka mutu i tuku kōrero anō rātau mō ā rātau tāpaetanga kōrero i te 16 Whiringa-ā-nuku 2013.

TE WEHEWEHE I A AOTEAROA KI ŌNA ROHENGA TAIWHENUA PŌTI WHĀNUI, MĀORI HOKI

Nā runga i te Tatauranga Whānui 2013 me te Kōwhiringa Pōti Māori o muri mai, e whakaatu ana i ngā tatauranga taupori pōti me whakatū tētahi taiwhenua pōti Whānui i Te Ika-a-Māui e piki ai te maha ki te 48, ā, e noho ana ngā taiwhenua pōti i Te Waipounamu ki te 16 e ai ki ngā whakaritenga o te Ture. Kei te mōhio anō te Kōmihana i whakahaerehia te Tatauranga Whānui he rua tau te tōmuri mai i te wā i whakatauhia nā ngā rū i Ōtautahi. Me mau ngā taiwhenua pōti katoa i ngā taupori pōti ki roto i te 5% o te kaute mō ngā taiwhenua pōti Whānui o Te Ika-a-Māui, Te Waipounamu rānei, mō ngā taiwhenua pōti Māori rānei e hāngai ana. Ko ngā kaute i tatauhia e ai ki te Ture:

Kaute Pae tukunga ±5%

Ngā Taiwhenua Pōti Whānui o Te Ika-a-Māui	59,731	<u>+</u> 2,986
Ngā Taiwhenua Pōti Whānui o Te Waipounamu	59,679	<u>+</u> 2,983
Ngā Taiwhenua Pōti Māori	60,141	+3,007

Ko aua tatau kaute ērā i whakamōhiotia atu ki te Kōmihana e te Kaitatauranga Kāwanatanga i te 7 o Whiringa-ā-nuku 2013. I tīmatahia e te Kōmihana āna mahi e ai ki te wāhanga 35 o te Ture Pōti 1993 i runga hoki i ngā kōrero o te pūrongo a te Kaitatauranga Kāwanatanga me ngā rohenga takitaro i whakaritea e te Kairūri-Tianara.

Neke atu i te 50 tau te tikanga onāianei mō te wehewehe i te taupori pōti ka mutu kāore anō kia whakarerekēhia, ahakoa i whakarerekēhia te maha o ngā taiwhenua pōti mō Te Waipounamu i te whakaurunga o te pūnaha pōti whirirua (MMP). I roto katoa i aua tau, i kaha katoa ngā Kōmihana ki te waihanga taiwhenua pōti āhua ōrite te nui o ngā taupori ka mutu me te whai whakaaro anō ki ngā rohenga pōti onāianei me ētahi atu whakaritenga o ngā wāhanga 35(3)(f) me te 45(6) o te Ture. Ko te mahi mā tēnei Kōmihana he rapu i tētahi hua e tau pai ai ki ngā whakaritenga, ahakoa tonu i te maha o ngā wā e kore e taea te whakarite ka ū tahi katoatia. Kei te hāngai tonu ngā kōrero a ngā Kōmihana o mua mō ngā taupori pōti me ngā hapori whai pānga, arā, kāore i te ōrite te ū pai ki ngā kaute tauwhāiti. Kei te mōhio anō te Kōmihana, mō te āhuatanga ki te rahi o te whenua o ngā rohe pōti, tērā pea neke atu i te kotahi ngā momo hapori whai pānga.

NGĀ TAIWHENUA PŌTI WHĀNUI

I roto i aua āheinga, i te waihangatanga o ngā taiwhenua pōti Whānui, e herea ana te Kōmihana e te Ture ki te whai whakaaro atu ki:

- ngā rohenga onāianei o ngā taiwhenua pōti Whānui;
- ngā hapori whai pānga;
- ngā āhuatanga whakawhitiwhiti kōrero;
- ngā āhuatanga o te takoto o te whenua; me
- ngā huringa katoa e matapaetia ana i te taupori pōti Whānui o aua taiwhenua i te roanga o te wā.

Nā te tino hira o te kaute taupori pōti, kāore i taea e te Kōmihana te waihanga taiwhenua pōti mai e whai kaute tōtika ai ka mutu e hāngai anō ki ērā atu

whakaritenga ā-ture. E whakaae ana te Kōmihana ki te hiranga o te ōritetanga whaikanohitanga mā te oranga o ngā taiwhenua pōti (e ai ki te Kōmihana, ko te tikanga atu ki te pōtitanga whānui 2017) me te aronui atu kia tino iti rawa nei te whakarerekē i ngā rohenga onāianei. Nō reira ko ngā rohenga hukihuki i whakaputaina i te marama o Whiringa-ā-rangi 2013 i tino whakamahi i te pae tukunga kaute kia ū ai ki ngā whakaarotanga whāiti me te wherawhera anō i ērā atu whakaritenga o te Ture.

I kaha te ngana o te Kōmihana, ina taea ana, ki te karo i te whakatū rohenga e wehe ai tētahi hapori whai pānga. I te nuinga o te wā i whai te Kōmihana i ngā rohenga pōti ki ngā rohenga kaunihera ā-rohe, i te mea he tino tohu ēnei i ngā hapori whai pānga.

He maha ngā kaiwhakahē, kaiwhakahē-ātete i tuku whakaaro hei whakapai ake i ngā rohenga. I taea te whakatutuki i ngā kerēme mō te tokomaha o ngā kaiwhakahē, kaiwhakahē-ātete i roto i ngā tukunga kaute taupori me ētahi atu whakaritenga. Nā tēnei kua kore ētahi o ngā taiwhenua pōti i whakatauhia e tino ū ki te kaute taupori tēnā i ngā rohenga hukihuki.

TE IKA-A-MĀUI

Ko ngā whakarerekētanga ki ngā rohenga o Te Ika-a-Māui e ai ki ngā whakamārama i raro. I whakarōpūtia ā-rohetia ngā rohe pōti e 48.

Te Rōpū Tuatahi – Te Rohe o Tāmaki Makaurau

Kei roto i te rohe o Tāmaki Makaurau ko ngā rohe pōti mai i **Hunua** ahu whakateraki.

Kāore he whakarerekētanga a te Kōmihana ki ngā rohe pōti o Northland, Whangarei, North Shore me Northcote i te taha raki o te rohe.

Kua waihangatia tētahi taiwhenua pōti atu anō i Tāmaki Makaurau ka mutu kua whakaritea anō ētahi atu rohe pōti i te uru o Tāmaki Makaurau nā te tipu haere tonu o te taupori. Nā te tino maha rawa atu o te taupori o **Rodney** i tana kaute, i nekehia atu he wāhanga taupori ka mutu ko te nuinga ki **Helensville**. Kia whakaurua te taupori tāwere ki taua takiwā, kua waihangahia te rohe pōti hōu o **Upper Harbour** mai i ētahi wāhi o ngā rohe pōti o **East Coast Bays**, **Helensville**, **Te Atatū** me **Waitakere**.

Ko te hua o te hātepe whakarite anō kua puta ko te rohe pōti o Kelston. I whiwhi taupori ia mai i ngā taupori o Te Atatū, Mt Albert, Waitakere me New Lynn. Nā tēnei kua whakaurua te rohe pōti o Waitakere ki roto i a Te Atatū, Helensville, Kelston me Upper Harbour.

I eke rawa atu te kaute o Auckland Central nā te tere o te tipu. Kua whakawhitia e te Kōmihana tētahi taupori nui kei ngā takiwā o Westmere me Grey Lynn ki Mt Albert. Nā tēnei i haere ngā whakatikatikatanga ki ngā rohe pōti tūtata o Mt Roskill, New Lynn me Kelston i te uru me Epsom, Maungakiekie, Tāmaki (i runga ake i te pae tukunga kaute), me Manukau East i te rāwhiti.

Kāore he whakarerekētanga a te Kōmihana ki a **Manurewa**, **Māngere** me **Pakuranga** i te tonga. He nui te tipu i te takiwā o Flat Bush me Chapel Downs. Nā tēnei kua

tangohia mai he wāhanga o te taupori o **Hunua**. Kua whakawhitihia e te Kōmihana he taupori ki **Botany** i te raki o te rohe pōti me tētahi taupori i te taha tonga ki **Waikato**. Nā tēnei ka puta ngā whakatikatika ki te rohe pōti o **Papakura**.

Te Ropū Tuarua – Te Rohe Uru Waenga Pū

E waru ngā rohe pōti o tēnei rohe mai i Coromandel ki Whanganui.

He tino nui te eke o **Hamilton East** i tana kaute i te wā anō e heke haere te taupori o ētahi katoa atu o ngā rohe pōti.

I nekehia e te Kōmihana te taupori tāwere mai i **Hamilton East** ki **Hamilton West**. Ka puta ngā whakatikatikatanga ki a **Waikato**, **Coromandel** me **Taranaki-King Country**.

Kua whakawhānuihia e te Kōmihana te rohenga o te rohe pōti o **Whanganui** ki te taha raki o Stratford, i te mea i matapaetia ka tino heke te taupori pōti e ai ki tana ritenga kaute. Nā tēnei ka whakaritea ngā whakatikatika ki te rohe pōti o **New Plymouth**.

Kāore he whakarerekētanga a te Kōmihana ki te rohe pōti o **Taupō**.

Te Rōpū Tuatoru – Te Rohe Tai Rāwhiti

E whitu ngā rohe pōti i roto i tēnei rōpū. Kāore he whakarerekētanga a te Kōmihana ki ngā rohe pōti ki a **Tukituki** me **Wairarapa**.

Ko ngā rohe pōti onāianei o Bay of Plenty me Tauranga i runga kē atu i te kaute, ā, i raro kē a Napier, East Coast me Rotorua i te kaute me te aha e matapaetia ana ka kaha ake te heke haere e ai ki te kaute. Kua nekehia e te Kōmihana he wāhanga taupori mai i East Coast ki Napier me te whakawhiti i a Kawerau me tētahi takiwā i Maketū mai i Rotorua ki East Coast. Kua oti anō i a ia ngā whakatikatikatanga ki ngā rohe pōti o Bay of Plenty me Tauranga kia ū ai ngā whakaritenga kaute mō te rohe pōti o Rotorua.

Te Ropū Tuawhā – Te Rohe o Te Whanganui-a-Tara/Horowhenua/Rangitīkei

E iwa ngā rohe pōti mai i **Rangitīkei** whakatetonga.

Kāore he whakarerekētanga a te Kōmihana ki ngā rohe pōti o Palmerston North, Mana me Rongotai.

Ko Wellington Central anake te rohe pōti i runga ake i te pae kaute e whakaaehia ana. Kua nekehia e te Kōmihana te taupori tāwere mai i Wadestown ki te rohe pōti o Ōhāriu. Ko te mutunga o tēnei ko te wehenga o te katoa o te taupori o Hutt Valley ki roto i ngā rohe pōti e rua o Hutt South me Rimutaka. Ko te katoa o Western Hills kei roto i a Hutt South ināianei, ā, kua uru a Naenae ki te rohe pōti o Rimutaka.

Kua nekehia e te Kōmihana te taupori i Shannon i roto i te rohe pōti o **Ōtaki** ki te rohe pōti o **Rangitīkei**, i raro tōna taupori i tērā e whakaaehia ana ka mutu ko te matapae ka heke haere tonu.

TE WAIPOUNAMU

Ko te whakarite a te Ture me 16 ngā rohe pōti Whānui ki Te Waipounamu.

I te tau 2007 i pūrongo te Kōmihana he tino nui ngā whakarerekētanga ki ngā rohe pōti hei whakarite māna mai i Rakaia whakatetonga nā te iti haere o te taupori e ai ki ngā whakaritenga kaute. Ahakoa ngā hekenga i ngā rohe pōti o Clutha-Southland, Dunedin South, Invercargill, Kaikōura, Nelson me West Coast-Tasman, ko te tūmanako ka noho tonu i roto i te tukunga kaute atu ki te tau 2017. Kua whakatau te Kōmihana kia kaua ēnei rohe pōti e whakarerekēhia kia pai ai te noho pēnei tonu o ngā rohenga.

I runga ake a **Waitaki** i te pae kaute, ā, i raro te rohe pōti tūtata o **Dunedin North** i te kaute. Kua whakawhānuihia e te Kōmihana a **Dunedin North** ki te raki o Herbert, ā, ki te uru o te rohenga i waenga i te taiwhenua o Waitaki me te taiwhenua o Central Otago.

I runga ake anō a **Rangitata** i te pae kaute. Nā reira i whakatikatikahia e te Kōmihana ngā rohenga mā te neke taupori mai i te takiwā o Rakaia ki roto i te rohe pōti o **Selwyn**.

I whakaaroarohia ā-rōpūtia e te Kōmihana ngā rohe pōti o Ōtautahi me te pū o Waitaha. He tino nui te heke o ngā taupori o ngā rohe pōti o **Christchurch Central**, **Christchurch East** me **Port Hills** nā ngā rū o Waitaha, otirā i tino piki ngā taupori o ngā rohe pōti o **Waimakariri**, **Wigram** me **Selwyn**.

Ko te aronga a te Kōmihana he whakawhānui i ngā rohe pōti e toru o Ōtautahi i riro ai he taupori ki **Waimakariri** i te raki i Redwood me **Selwyn** i Horomaka (Banks Peninsula) i te tonga. He maha ngā whakahē e tautokohia e ngā petihana i puta i ngā kaupapa marohi a te Kōmihana e pā ana ki aua rohe pōti e toru, ā, i āta whakaaroarohia ēnei e te Kōmihana. Kua whakaritea e te Kōmihana ngā rohenga mō **Christchurch Central**, **Christchurch East**, **Port Hills**, **Wigram** me **Selwyn**, ā, ko ngā kōrero āmiki kei roto i te wāhanga o tēnei pūrongo e pā ana ki ngā whakahē, whakahē-ātete hoki.

Kāore he whakarerekētanga a te Kōmihana ki te rohe pōti o **Ilam**.

Ngā whakarerekētanga ā-tikanga

He maha ngā whakarerekētanga ā-tikanga iti i oti, kaua mō te taupori, hei whakapai ake i te hāngaitanga ki ngā rohenga kaunihera ā-rohe, rohenga whenua ā-whare kia mārama ake te kitea o ngā rohenga pōti.

Ngā rohenga whakamutunga

Kei te Āpiti B o tēnei Pūrongo ngā mahere tirohanga whānui e whakaatu ana i ngā rohenga pōti Whānui.

Ko ngā rīpanga e whakaatu ana i ngā taiwhenua pōti Whānui marohi, whakamutunga hoki, ngā taupori pōti, me ngā whakarerekētanga mai i te kaute, ngā whakarerekētanga taupori e marohitia ana mō te tau 2014 me te tau 2017 kei roto i te Āpiti C.

Ka kitea ngā mahere whai mana mō ngā taiwhenua pōti Whānui i te Āpiti E o te Pūrongo.

NGĀ TAIWHENUA PŌTI MĀORI

Ko te maha o ngā taiwhenua pōti Māori kei te āhua o te tokomaha Māori ka whiriwhiri, i te wā o te Kōwhiringa Pōti Māori, kia rēhitatia ki te rārangi pōti Māori. Kāore i rerekē te maha o ngā taiwhenua pōti Māori i ngā putanga o te Tatauranga Nui 2013 me te Kōwhiringa Pōti Māori 2013, ā, ka noho ki te whitu.

Ina waihanga taiwhenua pōti Māori me whai whakaaro te Kōmihana i raro i te Ture ki ngā āhuatanga katoa e whai ake:

- ngā rohenga onāianei o ngā taiwhenua pōti Māori;
- ngā hapori whai pānga i roto i ngā tāngata Māori me rātau o ngā iwi Māori;
- ngā āhuatanga whakawhitiwhiti kōrero;
- ngā āhuatanga o te takoto o te whenua;
- ngā whakarerekētanga katoa e marohitia ana i roto i te taupori pōti Māori i aua taiwhenua i roto i tōna wā.

Kua āta whakatautikatia e te Kōmihana ngā whakaritenga ā-ture katoa, ā, e tino pā ana ki ngā hapori whai pānga i roto i te iwi Māori. He horahanga tino rahi te nuinga o ngā taiwhenua pōti Māori ina whakatauritea ki ngā rohe pōti Whānui. He pēnei nā te āhua o te taupori pōti Māori i tēnei wā.

I whakaaturia e te raraunga taupori kei roto ngā rohe pōti e whitu i te pae kaute, ā, ko te matapae ka noho pēnei tonu atu ki te pōtitanga 2014. Kāore he whakarerekētanga a te Kōmihana ki ngā rohe pōti engari anō mō tētahi whakatika tino paku nei, nā tētahi whakahē, arā, te whakawhiti i tētahi wāhi, tae atu ki te pā o Tuia, mai i **Ikaroa-Rāwhiti** ki **Waiariki**.

Ngā Rohenga Whakamutunga

Kei te Āpiti B o te pūrongo tētahi mahere tirohanga whānui e whakaatu ana i ngā rohenga pōti Māori.

Ko ngā rīpanga e whakaatu ana i ngā taiwhenua pōti Māori marohi, whakamutunga hoki, ngā taupori pōti, ngā whakarerekētanga mai i te kaute, me ngā whakarerekētanga taupori e marohitia ana mō te tau 2014 me te tau 2017 kei te Āpiti C.

Ka kitea ngā mahere whai mana mō ngā taiwhenua pōti Māori i te Āpiti E o te pūrongo.

NGĀ WHAKAHĒ ME NGĀ WHAKAHĒ-ĀTETE

He ōrite ngā whakaaro o te Kōmihana ki ō ngā Kōmihana o mua, arā, he pai te hātepe whakahē, whakahē-ātete hoki ka mutu e mārama ana ki te iwi whānui. I roto katoa i ana whiriwhiringa i ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete, i mōhio tonu te Kōmihana kia kaua, mēnā e taea ana, e whakatakoto whakarerekētanga kāore i hua i roto i ngā whakahē, whakahē-ātete rānei. Ko te take, i te whakaputatanga o ngā rohenga whakamutunga, kāore i kitea e ngā kaipōti he rohenga i whakarerekēhia kāore i uru ki te hātepe whakahē, whakahē-ātete rānei. Ahakoa tēnei kei reira anō te mana o te Kōti Teitei hei whakamana whakarerekētanga mēnā he pānga ka puta i ngā tohe a ngā hapori whai pānga. I ētahi āhuatanga i puta he whakarerekētanga i muri mai nā ngā whakatau mō ētahi whakahē, whakahē-ātete hoki. I kī anō te Kōmihana ko ngā whakarerekētanga nui e kōrerohia ana i raro i tino puta nā te hātepe whakahē, whakahē-ātete hoki.

I roto i te hātepe kōrero tūmatanui, i tukuna e te Kōmihana tētahi hātepe tāpaetanga kōrero tuihono mō ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete i elections.org.nz me te whakaputa i ētahi puka tauira whakahē, whakahē-ātete hoki hei whakamahi mā te iwi whānui mō ngā tāpaetanga kōrero ā-tuhi. 409 ngā whakahē a te Kōmihana. He nui ake mēnā ka whakaurua mai ērā a ngā tāngata 1,700 i tuku tāpaetanga kōrero ā-pepa me ngā petihana, tae atu ki ngā kaituku ā-pepa me ngā petihana neke atu i te 600 mō te rohenga i waenga i ngā rohenga o **Epsom** me **Mt Roskill.** Ko te nuinga o ngā whakahē mō ngā rohenga hukihuki, ā, 61 ngā whakahē mō te ingoa e marohitia ana mō ngā taiwhenua pōti. I whakarāpopotohia ngā whakahē me te whakaputa hoki hei tirotiro mā te iwi whānui. I te rā kati (29 o Kohitātea 2014), 164 ngā whakahē-ātete i whiwhi i te Kōmihana. Ko te nuinga o aua whakahē-ātete mō ngā take rohenga.

He maha ngā whakahē i tae tōmuri mai. I ētahi āhuatanga ehara nō te kaiwhakahē te hē, ehara nō te Kōmihana hoki. Engari, kāore i taea ērā te whakaaroarohia i te mea kāore i whai wā ki te whakaputa ki roto i te Kāhiti, ā, nō reira kāore i taea te whakahē-ātete e te tangata.

I mau tonu i te Kōmihana te tikanga a ngā Kōmihana o mua ki te noho i waho o Te Whanganui-a-Tara whakarongo ai ki ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete. I whakahaerehia ngā whakawātanga i Tāmaki Makaurau, Kirikiriroa, Tauranga-moana me Ōtautahi. I ētahi āhuatanga, i whakahaerehia ngā whakawātanga mā ngā hui ā-waea. I rawe ki te maha o ngā kaiwhakahē te whai wāhi ki roto i te hātepe whakariterite i ngā taiwhenua pōti. He tino hira ō rātau whakaaro me ō rātau mōhiotanga o te rohe ka mutu i āwhina i te Kōmihana ki te whakatakoto whakataunga whakamutunga. E 102 ngā tāngata, whakahaere rānei i tū ki te aroaro o te Kōmihana ki te kōrero mō a rātau whakahē, whakahē-ātete rānei. Me kī te hātepe whakahē he hātepe ā-tuhi. I āta whakaaroarohia katoa ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete e te Kōmihana, ahakoa i tae mai te kaiwhakahē ki te hui, kāore rānei.

Kei te Āpiti D tētahi ripanga e whakaatu ana i te āhua o ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete, me te whakatau a te Kōmihana mō ia kēhi.

Ngā whakarerekētanga nui mai i ngā rohenga hukihuki

I runga i ngā whakahē e pā ana ki ngā rohe pōti hukihuki o **Auckland Central**, **Mt Albert** me **Epsom** i tahuri te Kōmihana ki te whakarite anō i aua rohe pōti, ā, i nekehia te toenga taupori o Grey Lynn ki **Mt Albert**, hei whakaarohanga ki te hapori

whai pānga. Nā ngā whakaaroarotanga kaute me te tipu taupori e matapaehia ana, kua whakaurua atu te taupori o Grey Lynn ki te rohe p. ti o **Mt Albert** kaua ki te rohe pōti o **Auckland Central**. Nō reira ka puta he whakatikatanga ki te takiwā o Grafton i roto i te rohe pōti o **Epsom** ka nekehia atu ki **Auckland Central**. I whakaaehia e te Kōmihana ngā whakahēnga mō te rohenga hukihuki o **Epsom** me **Mt Roskill** e karo ana i te wehenga o tētahi hapori whai pānga tūroa. He whakatikatikatanga anō i puta ki ngā rohe pōti o **Mt Roskill**, **New Lynn**, **Kelston** me **Te Atatū** i te uru me **Maungakiekie** me **Tāmaki** i te rāwhiti.

He kaha ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete e pā ana ki ngā rohenga hukihuki mō te rohe pōti o **Maungakiekie**, mātua ko te pānga ki Onehunga, Tāmaki me Panmure. He iti noa iho ngā whakatikatanga i taea e te Kōmihana nā ngā herenga o ngā whakaritenga kaute.

Ko te nuinga o ngā whakahē e pā ana ki te rohe pōti o **Helensville** i hāngai ki te rironga o **Waitakere**. Kāore i taea e te Kōmihana te whakamana ngā whakahētanga me te kore tātuhi nui anō o te katoa o Tāmaki Makaurau ki te uru.

He tino kaha te whakahē o te whakaurunga o Temple View ki roto i te rohe pōti o **Taranaki-King Country** mai i **Hamilton West**. I taea e te Kōmihana te whakarite i te whakahētanga mā tētahi whakarerekētanga i te takiwā o Horotiu.

I te taha rāwhiti i puta ngā whakahē mō te whakaurunga o Pyes Pa ki roto i te rohe pōti o **Bay of Plenty** mai i te rohe pōti o **Tauranga**. I taea e te Kōmihana te whakarite te whakahētanga mā ngā whakatikatanga paremata ki ngā rohenga o **Tauranga** me te **Bay of Plenty** i te takiwā o Ōmanu me Poike.

Kua tātuhia anō e te Kōmihana ngā rohenga mō **Hutt South** me **Rimutaka**, i muri i te whakaaroarotanga o ngā whakahē, ā, kua whakaurua katoahia atu te takiwā o Western Hills ki roto o **Hutt South**, hei whakaarohanga ki te hapori whai pānga. Nō reira kua nekehia atu a Naenae ki te rohe pōti o **Rimutaka**.

I Te Waipounamu he kaha ngā whakahētanga ki te wehenga o te takiwā i Hornby i waenga i ngā rohe pōti o **Wigram** me **Selwyn**. I whakaritea e te Kōmihana ngā whakahē, ā, i mau ngā takiwā o Hei Hei, Islington me Broomfield ki roto i te rohe pōti o **Wigram**. Nā tēnei, ka nekehia te takiwā o Somerfield mai i **Wigram** ki roto i a **Port Hills**, ā, kei roto ko Halswell me te nuinga o Bromley ka mutu he rohe pōti tapa taone te nuinga o konei. I puritia e te Kōmihana a Horomaka (Banks Peninsula) ki te rohe pōti o **Selwyn**, ko te nuinga o tēnei wāhi he tuawhenua.

He kaha ngā whakahē ki ngā rohenga hukihuki mō Christchurch Central me Christchurch East. I whakaritea e te Kōmihana ngā whakahētanga, ka mutu kua tātuhia anō te rohe pōti o Christchurch Central kia uru atu ai ko Mairehau. Kua tātuhia anō te rohe pōti o Christchurch East kia uru ai ko te "rohe whero" (arā, he wāhanga o mua o Christchurch Central) me ngā takiwā o Richmond, Avonside me North Linwood.

He maha ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete tae atu ki te Kōmihana mō ngā ingoa o ētahi rohe pōti. Kāore anō te Kōmihana kia whakaingoa anō i tētahi rohe poti.

NGĀ WHITIWHITINGA ME TE WHAKAPUTANGA KŌRERO

I whakaputaina e te Kōmihana i roto i te *Kāhiti* o te 21 o Whiringa-ā-rangi 2013 tētahi pānui mō ngā takiwā hukihuki e ai ki te wāhanga 38 o te Ture hei tirotirohanga, hei kōrerohanga mā te iwi whānui. I whakaputaina i taua rā anō tana pūrongo mō ngā taiwhenua hukihuki, arā, he whakaputanga āmiki o ngā whārangi 100 whai whakaaturanga, mahere me ngā whakarāpopototanga o ngā take e kapi ana i ngā taiwhenua pōti katoa. I mau tonu i te Kōmihana te tikanga o te whakaputa mahere āmiki o ngā taiwhenua pōti hukihuki i roto i tētahi pukapuka wehekē me ngā mahere pātū.

I tukuna whānuitia e te Kōmihana tana pūrongo taiwhenua pōti me te pukapuka mahere tāpiri, mahere pātū hoki ki ngā tari kaunihera, ki ngā Kairēhita o ngā Kaipōti, ki ngā tari whakawhanake ā-rohe o Te Puni Kōkiri, ki ngā Kōti Whenua Māori me ngā whare pukapuka tūmatanui.

I whakaratohia hoki e te Kōmihana ngā mahere pāhekoheko tuihono o ngā taiwhenua pōti onāianei me ērā e marohitia ana, tae atu hoki ki te whakawātea tuihono mai i te pūrongo mō ngā taiwhenua pōti hukihuki ki elections.org.nz. I whakaritea mai he hātepe tāpaetanga kōrero tuihono mō te wā tuatahi mō te hātepe whakahē, whakahē-ātete hoki, ā, i momoho tēnei.

He tino whakaritenga te whakaputanga i te mea he whakamōhio i te iwi whānui o Aotearoa ki ngā take mō ngā kaupapa e marohitia ana e te Kōmihana, ka mutu e āhei ana te iwi whānui kia mārama, kia whai wāhi hoki ki tētahi hātepe tōrangapu motuhake.

I whakaputahia ngā pānuitanga i roto i ngā whakaputanga tā, tuihono me te reo irirangi kia puta ai te rongo o ngā taiwhenua hukihuki me te akiaki i te iwi whānui ki te whakaputa i ō rātau whakaaro. I whakahaerehia e te Tiamana o te Kōmihana he hui whakamārama pāpāho mō te tukutanga o ngā taiwhenua pōti hukihuki me te urupare ki ngā tono pāpāho. I puta whānuitia ngā pānui pāpāho e pā ana ki te hātepe me te wātaka mō ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete.

TE NOHO MATATAPU ME TE MANA MOTUHAKE

I whakaae ngā Kaikōmihana katoa ki ngā whakarite katoa kia whakaūhia ngā mātāpono e rārangi ana i roto i te Ture. Kāore i whakatau kaupapa ngā Kōmihana i runga i ngā āhuatanga tōrangapū tērā ka puta. Mēnā i pēnei ka wāhia te motuhaketanga o te Kōmihana.

I whakaae te Kōmihana me mau tonu te motuhaketanga e ai ki ngā kōrero o runga ake ka mutu he whai take tonu i mua i te whakaputatanga o ngā rohenga hukihuki, kia whakahaerehia munatia ana whakaaroarotanga. Mā tēnei ara ka mātua whakarite ka noho wehe ngā whakatau a te Kōmihana mai i ngā taumahatanga o waho. Heoi anō, i whakaae te Kōmihana ko ngā māngai o te Kāwanatanga me ērā o te Āpitihana i āta hoki ki te kimi tohutohu mō te whakamahi i ngā whakaritenga ā-ture. Tērā ka tūpono pea te wā e whirinaki atu ana te Kōmihana ki te pono me te matawhāititanga o aua mema. I mau tonu i te Kōmihana ngā tikanga o mua ina e whakaae ana:

• ko te hunga i whitiwhiti korero i whakaaturia ratau ki nga tarua pepa o nga rohenga takitaro i whakaritea e te Kairuri-Tianara.

• nō te Kaikōmihana te kawenga ki te whakaatu i ngā rohenga takitaro.

I pūrongo te Kōmihana i tutuki tētahi ritenga whaikiko i waenga i te munatanga me te hiahia ki te whakawhiti kōrero ki rōpū kē.

TE HANGARAU ROROHIKO

Kei te whakamahi tonu te Kōmihana i ngā hangarau rorohiko ara atu anō. He rorohiko pona tā ia Kaikōmihana hei whakamahi māna e whai ana i ngā pūmanawa mahere whenua rauangi, me ngā raraunga taupori, tatauranga hoki. I taea e ngā mema o te Kōmihana te whakawhanake i ētahi kōwhiringa me te urupare pāhekoheko hoki. Nā ngā hangarau i āhei te urupare wawe, i karo i ngā tatautanga anō ā-ringa o ngā tatau taupori me te ngāwari hoki o te whakaaroaro i ētahi otinga kē atu. I iti ake te whakapau wā a te Kōmihana nā aua hangarau mō te tātaitai i ngā rohenga hukihuki, me te aha me te eke i ngā whakatau whakamutunga.

NGĀ TOHUTŌ MŌ NGĀ ROHE PŌTI HE MĀORI NGĀ INGOA

I whakamahia ngā tikanga tuhinga a Te Taura Whiri i te Reo Māori mō ngā ingoa rohe pōti whai tohutō. E mōhio ana te Kōmihana i ahu mai ngā ingoa rohe pōti Whānui i ngā ingoa wāhi whenua rēhita, tūturu rānei. Ko ētahi o aua ingoa nō mua atu i ngā tikanga tuhinga, nō reira kāore i te whai tohutō. I whakamahia e te Kōmihana ngā tohutō i ngā wā i whakaaro ia he tika tonu, e ai anō ki ngā tohutohu a Te Taura Whiri i te Reo Māori. E kī anō ko ngā ingoa whai tohutō kāore anō kia whakamanahia hei ingoa whenua tūturu mō ngā wāhi hāngai e Ngā Pou Taunaha o Aotearoa. Kua whakamahia e te Kōmihana ngā tohutō hei āwhina ki te whakahua tika i ngā ingoa rohe pōti.

HE MAIOHA

Koinei ngā whakamihi a te Kōmihana ki te Kairūri-Tianara Tuarua, te Āpiha Pōti Matua, me te Kaitatauranga Kāwanatanga Tuarua mō te āhua o te whakapau kaha o ō rātau tari ki te āwhina i te Kōmihana. I tuku ratonga ngaio pai rawa atu rātau tonu, mā roto hoki i ā rātau kaimahi. Me mātua kōrero mō Mr Roger Carman, ko ia te kaitohutohu hangarau ki te Kōmihana e pā ana ki ngā rorohiko, te tātuhi mahere, te tātai i ngā nekenga taupori pōti mō te take o te whakawhanake kōwhiringa i roto i te waihangatanga o ngā taiwhenua pōti takitahi. Ko ōna pūkenga, ngākau whakapuke, āwhina hoki nō te taumata tiketike. Ka mihi hoki te Kōmihana ki a Mrs Natalie McNaught, ko ia te Hekeretari ki te Kōmihana. Ko āna mahi hopu i ngā mahi a te Kōmihana me te aronga ki ngā tino taipitopito he kounga tino teitei.

Te Rārangi Tāpiritanga

E tāpiri ana ki tēnei pūrongo

Āpiti A:

Te pūrongo a te Kaitatauranga Kāwanatanga e ai ki te wāhanga 35(6) o te Ture Pōti 1993.

Āpiti B:

He tirohanga whānui o ngā mahere e whakaatu ana i ngā rohenga o ngā rohe pōti Whānui, Māori hoki.

Āpiti C:

Ngā ripanga o ngā taiwhenua pōti hukihuki, whakamutunga hoki, ngā tatau taupori rohe pōti, ngā rerekētanga kaute taupori me ngā rerekētanga e matapaetia ana.

Āpiti D:

Ngā whakahē me ngā whakahē-ātete i tae mai me te whakatau a te Kōmihana mō ia kēhi.

Āpiti E:

Ngā mahere whai mana hei whakamārama i ngā rohenga o ngā Taiwhenua Pōti Whānui, Māori hoki.